## Technology developed and recommended

Sr. No	Recommendations
1	Effect of insecticidal hydropriming on sucking pests of mungbean (2022-23)
	Farmers of Gujarat growing mungbean in summer season are recommended to prime one kg of seeds for 5 hrs with imidacloprid 17.8 SL @ 2.5 ml in 1.25 litre
	water followed by drying under shade for 12 hrs. for effective to manage infestation
	of sucking insect-pests viz., thrips, jassid and whitefly up to 30 days after sowing
	which resulted in higher seed yield and plant vigour.
2	Seed treatment for Green gram seeds (2020-21) The farmers and seed producers of Gujarat are recommended to smear green gram
	seeds with spinosad 45SC, 0.0004 % (0.13 ml in 15 liter water for 1000 kg seed) or
	fipronil 5 SC, 0.0004 % (1.20 ml in 15 liter water for 1000 kg seed) for short
	duration storage (up to 3 months) and deltamethrin 2.8EC, 0.0004 % (2.15 ml in 15 liter water for 1000 kg seeds) for long duration storage (up to 6 months) to protect
	liter water for 1000 kg seeds) for long duration storage (up to 6 months) to protect seeds from pulse beetle infestation.
3	Bio-efficacy of insecticides against pest complex in greengram (2019-20)
	Seed treatment in greengram with imidacloprid 48 FS, 5 ml/kg and spray of
	flubendiamide 48 SC, 0.01% (2 ml/10 l water) at 50% flowering stage can
	effectively manage thrips, spotted pod borer and pod borer. The farmers and seed producers of Gujarat are recommended to smear green gram seeds with spinosad
	45 SC, 0.0004% (0.13 ml in 15 litre water for 1000 kg seed) or fipronil 5 SC,
	0.0004% (1.20 ml in 15 litre water for 1000 kg seed) or deltamethrin 2.8 EC,
	0.0004% (2.15 ml in 15 litre water for 1000 kg seeds) to protect seeds from pulse
4	<ul><li>beetle infestation up to six months.</li><li>Effect of sowing interval and ethephon on fresh dormancy in groundnut</li></ul>
	(Arachis hypogea L.) var. GG 34 (2022-23)
	The farmers of Middle Gujarat Agro-climatic Zone cultivating kharif groundnut
	var. GG 34 using seeds of preceding summer season are recommended to keep the
	seed for minimum 14 days storage period then give seed treatment of 150 ppm Ethephon 39%SL (3.75 mL Ethaphone in 10 litre water for 100 kg seed and dry
	under shed) one day before sowing for better germination, seedling growth and
	higher yield of kharif groundnut.
5	Effect of spacing and fertilizer on summer groundnut variety GG 34 (2022-23)
	Summer groundnut var. GG 34 can be sown at 40 cm spacing between the row with application of gypsum @ 250 kg/ha as a basal and foliar spray of nano NP fertilizer
	(1.5 %  N) 5.0  mL/L at 25 and 50 DAS recorded higher yield. Biosafety guidelines
	of nano fertilizer should be followed at the time of spraying.
6	Performance of hybrid maize under different levels of nitrogen and phosphorus in rabi season (2017-18)
	The farmers of middle Gujarat Agroclimatic zone III growing rabi hybrid GAYMH-
	1 and GAWMH-2 are advised to fertilize the crop with 150 kg Nitrogen and 40 kg
	P2O5 per hectare for securing higher grain yield with higher net return in
	Panchmahal District. While in Anand District maize hybrid GAYMH-1 should be
	grown and fertilize with 150 kg N and 60 kg P2O5 per ha. The nitrogen should be applied in four equal splits i.e., at basal, 4 leaves, 8 leaves and tasseling stage while
	P2O5 as basal.
	1st irrigation of 80 mm at transplanting; 2nd irrigation of 50 mm at 6 to 7 DATP.
	Subsequent six irrigations at 12-15 days interval; Remaining two irrigations at 8-10
	days interval.

7	<b>To study the castor based intercropping system preceding</b> <i>kharif</i> <b>crop under middle Gujarat conditions.</b> (2016-17) The farmers of middle Gujarat Agro climatic zone III growing castor are advised for growing three rows of chickpea at 30 cm for green pod as an intercrop, between two rows of castor sown at 150 cm line spacing for getting more castor equivalent yield and net income.
8	<b>Relay cropping of castor in legume crops (2016-17)</b> The farmers of middle Gujarat Agro climatic zone are advised to adopt soybean- castor relay cropping system for getting castor equivalent higher yield and net return. Soybean cv. NRC-37 sown at 45 cm apart in first fortnight of July and castor sown in second fortnight of August wherein, skip one row for sowing of castor after two rows of soybean.
9	Method of sowing and seed rate in wheat (2015-16) The farmers of middle Gujarat Agro climatic zone III growing wheat crop after transplanted rice under kyari land are advised for line sowing of wheat in dry seedbed by keeping higher seed rate @ 150 kg ha-1then apply irrigation after sowing for higher yield and net income.